

Adding Trace Matching with Free Variables to AspectJ

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Introduction

AspectJ: An Aspect-Oriented Extension of Java

- Define patterns on run-time events
- Match patterns to events at run-time
- Execute extra code when matching events occur

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- Define patterns on run-time events
- Match patterns to events at run-time
- Execute extra code when matching events occur

Tracematches

Match whole *execution histories*, not just events

AspectJ Lingo

Join Point = event (call, execution, field set / get)

Pointcut = pattern on join points

Advice = extra code to run

AspectJ: Advice

```
aspect Autosave {  
    int count = 0;  
    after(): call(* Command.execute(..))  
        { count++; }  
  
    after(): call(* Application.save()) || call(* Application.autosave())  
        { count = 0; }  
  
    before(): call (* Command.execute(..))  
        { if (count > 4)  
            Application.autosave(); }  
}
```

AspectJ: Join Points

enter call Command.execute()

enter execution Command.execute()
(...)

exit execution Command.execute()

exit call Command.execute()

```
Command c;  
(...)  
c.execute();  
Application.save();
```

enter call Application.save()

enter execution Application.save()
(...)

exit execution Application.save()

exit call Application.save()

AspectJ: Matching

enter call Command.execute()
 enter execution Command.execute()
 (...)
 exit execution Command.execute()
exit call Command.execute()

before(): call (* execute(..))

if (count > 4)
 Application.autosave();

after(): call (* execute(..))
count++;

enter call Application.save()
 enter execution Application.save()
 (...)
 exit execution Application.save()
exit call Application.save()

after(): call (* save(..)) ||
 call (* autosave(..))

count = 0;

Trace Matching

Tracematches match on the entire execution history of the program

Related Work:

Walker and Viggers

Douence *et al*

Bockisch *et al*

Bodden and Stolz

Martin *et al*

Goldsmith *et al*

Contributions:

- Trace matching with free variables
- Semantics of tracematches
- Implemented in the *abc* compiler
- Eliminating memory leaks

Traces

enter call Command.execute()
 enter execution Command.execute()
 (...)
 exit execution Command.execute()
exit call Command.execute()

enter call Application.save()
 enter execution Application.save()
 (...)
 exit execution Application.save()
exit call Application.save()

Trace =

sequence of join
point **enter** / **exit**
events

Example: Autosave

```
tracematch() {  
    sym save after:  
        call ( * Application.save() )  
        || call ( * Application.autosave() );  
  
    sym action after:  
        call ( * Command.execute() );  
  
    action [5]  
        { Application.autosave(); }  
  
}
```

Example: Autosave

```
tracematch() {
```

```
  sym save after:
```

```
    call ( * Application.save() )
```

```
    || call ( * Application.autosave() );
```

```
  sym action after:
```

```
    call ( * Command.execute() );
```

```
  action [5]
```

```
    { Application.autosave(); }
```

```
}
```

Symbols =
pointcuts

Pattern =
regexp over
symbols

Matching

sym action **after**:

```
call ( * Command.execute() );
```

exit call Command.execute()

sym save **after**:

```
call (* Application.save())
```

```
|| call (* Application.autosave())
```

exit call Application.save()

exit call Application.autosave()

The pattern matches traces:

action [5]

ending with 5 events matching **action**

with *no* events matching **save** in between

Matching with Free Variables

```
tracematch(Subject s, Observer o) {
```

```
  sym create_observer
```

```
    after returning(o):
```

```
      call ( Observer.new(..) )
```

```
    && args (s);
```

```
  sym update_subject after:
```

```
    call ( * Subject.update(..) )
```

```
    && target (s);
```

```
  create_observer update_subject *
```

```
    { o.update_view(); }
```

```
}
```

Matching with Free Variables

```
tracematch(Subject s, Observer o) {
```

```
  sym create_observer
```

```
    after returning(o):
```

```
      call ( Observer.new(..) )
```

```
      && args (s);
```

```
o = new Observer(s);
```

```
  sym update_subject after:
```

```
    call ( * Subject.update(..) )
```

```
    && target (s);
```

```
s.update(..);
```

```
  create_observer update_subject *
```

```
    { o.update_view(); }
```

```
}
```

Matching with Free Variables

create_observer binds the Observer o and Subject s
update_subject binds the Subject s

```
create_observer update_subject *
```

Matches a trace if there is a *consistent* binding of o and s
each symbol must bind s to the same value

There can be several such bindings:

run the body once for each set of bindings

After an update to s , the body is run for each o observing s

Example: DB Connection Pooling

```
public aspect DBConnectionPooling {
```

```
pointcut connectionCreation(String url, String uid, String password) : ...;
```

```
pointcut connectionRelease(Connection connection) : ...;
```

```
    Connection tracematch
```

```
        (Connection connection, String url, String uid, String password) {
```

```
            sym get_connection1 after returning(connection):  
                connectionCreation(url, uid, password);
```

```
            sym get_connection2 around(url, uid, password):  
                connectionCreation(url, uid, password);
```

```
            sym release_connection before:  
                connectionRelease(connection);
```

```
            get_connection1 release_connection get_connection2  
                { return connection; }
```

```
        }
```

```
    ...
```


Example: DB Connection Pooling

```
public aspect DBConnectionPooling {  
    ...  
    Connection tracematch  
        (Connection connection, String url, String uid, String password) {  
        sym get_connection1 after returning(connection):  
            connectionCreation(url, uid, password);  
        sym get_connection2 around(url, uid, password):  
            connectionCreation(url, uid, password);  
        sym release_connection before:  
            connectionRelease(connection);  
        get_connection1 release_connection get_connection2  
            { return connection; }  
    }  
    void around() : connectionRelease(*) { /* Do Nothing */ }  
}
```

Semantics and Implementation

Matching Semantics

No Free Variables

```
tracematch () {  
  sym F before: call(* f());  
  sym G before: call(* g());  
  F G +  { }  
}
```

Filter out all events that do not match any symbol in the tracematch

The last event must match a symbol

```
enter call f();  
enter call f();  
enter call g();  
enter call g()
```

The tracematch applies if:

some *suffix* of the *filtered* trace is matched by a word in the pattern

```
enter call f();  
enter call f();  
enter call g();  
enter call g()
```

matched
by

```
F;  
G;  
G
```

Matching Semantics

Free Variables

```
tracematch (Object x) {  
  sym F before: call(* f()) && target(x);  
  sym G before: call(* g()) && target(x);  
  F G + { }  
}
```

Apply *all* possible substitutions, then match as before

Trace

o.f()
q.f()
o.g()
q.f()
o.g()

Filtered, x=o

o.f()
~~q.f()~~
o.g()
~~q.f()~~
o.g()

Filtered, x=q

~~o.f()~~
q.f()
~~o.g()~~
q.f()
~~o.g()~~

Operational Semantics

- Matching: Run an automaton for the pattern alongside the program
 - The automaton accumulates *bindings*
 - When a final state is reached, execute the body of the tracematch for each binding

Operational Semantics = Declarative Semantics

- Implemented in the *abc* compiler for AspectJ

Implementation Issues

Memory Usage

A naive implementation would suffer memory leaks:

Objects bound in matching cannot be reclaimed by GC

Use *weak references* to store bindings whenever possible

Some tracematches can still cause memory leaks



Compiler warning

Static analysis of the pattern to detect this

Performance :

DB Connection Pooling

DBConnectionPooling :

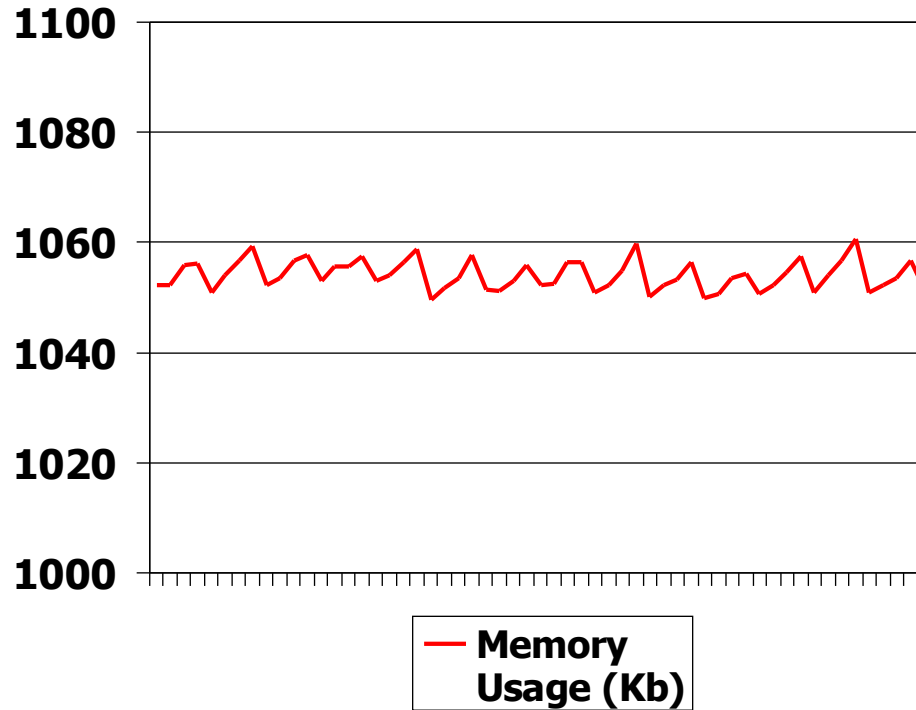
Pure Java (no pooling)	6.0s
with hand-coded pooling aspect	1.0s
with pooling tracematch	1.2s

DB Connection Pooling AspectJ (Laddad, <i>AspectJ in Action</i>)	DB Connection Pooling Tracematch
77 LOC (47 implementing pool)	21 LOC

Performance: Memory Usage

Memory usage:

JHotDraw with
SafeIterators
tracematch



No space leaks

Eliminating space leaks is *essential* to achieve good performance

Related Work

PURPOSE

fault finding

functionality

AspectJ

PATTERNS

variables

filtering

context-free

IMPLEMENTATION

semantics

leak busting

static match

Walker&Viggers	+/-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-
Douence et al	+/-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Bockisch et al	+/-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-
Bodden & Stolz	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-
Martin et al	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+
Goldsmith et al	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+
This paper	+/-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+/-

Conclusion

- Tracematches
 - Match patterns on execution history
 - Free variables to bind state
- Future work: optimising tracematches
- Tracematches are implemented as an extension of the *abc* compiler

get abc 1.1! <http://aspectbench.org>

PTQL and Tracematches

```
tracematch (Object x) {  
  sym A after: call(* a()) && target(x);  
  sym B after: call(* b()) && target(x);  
  sym C after: call(* c()) && target(x);  
  A B C  { }  
}
```

```
SELECT *  
FROM MethodInvocation(*.a') A  
  JOIN MethodInvocation(*.b') B  
    ON A.receiver = B.receiver  
  JOIN MethodInvocation(*.c') C  
    ON B.receiver = C.receiver
```

```
o.a(); q.a(); o.b(); q.b(); q.c();  
o.c()
```

*PTQL query has 2 solutions
tracematch applies twice*

```
o.a(); o.c(); o.b(); o.c()
```

*Tracematch does not
apply, PTQL query does*